ERNST NICKISH

There is no information in Bureau files on the above name. There is, however, a reference to one Ernst Niekisch who may be the individual referred to above.

Records of the Division of Biographic Information,
Department of State, contain a confidential report concerning
Ernst Niekisch prepared by two employees of the Reports and
Analysis Division, Office of Intelligence, HICOG, Frankfurt,
Germany, on October 30, 1950. The report reflects that
Niekisch was a member of the "USPD," predecessor of the German
Communist Party, as well as chairman of the Revolutionary
Central Committee. He was an organizer of the Bavarian Soviet
Republic with the rank of Minister. Following the collapse of
the Bavarian Soviet Republic, he was sentenced to two years in
prison for high treason.

During 1921 and 1922, he served in the Bavarian About 1927, he founded a group called Resistance (Winderstand) and advocated. Germany's rebirth as a great power by the combination of the forces of Prussian militarism and Russian Communism. From 1933 until 1937, he was engaged in anti-Hitler underground activities and kept his followers, known as the "resistance circle," together after the suppression of their publication in 1934. Niekisch was arrested on May 22, 1937, and sentenced to life imprisonment because of his underground activities. He was used during his imprisonment for medical experiments which resulted in his partial paralysis and near blindness. He was released from Brandenburg Penitentiary in 1945. From 1948 until at least October, 1950, he served as a professor at Humboldt University in the Soviet Sector of Berlin. In February, 1950, Niekisch was appointed president of the National Council of the National Front of Democratic Germany.

According to this confidential report in the files of the Division of Biographic Information, Department of State, certain evidence of an inconclusive nature indicated that Niekisch was one of the liaison men between the Reichswehr and the Red Army Tukhachevsky-Putna circle. Niekisch's liaison contact with the German War Ministry was said to have been a Colonel Gehrtz, who later was executed as a Russian agent. Another contact was a major of the Rote Kapelle, a secret organization with direct Moscow connections.

ENCLOSURE -41158 2

Niekisch reportedly never seemed to have wavered in his admiration for Russia despite the paradox of his reputed anti-Stalinist statements and sentiments. It was reported that in November, 1949, he returned to Berlin full of enthusiasm after a visit to the Soviet Union and talks with high officials in Moscow.

Division of Biographic Information records indicate that the Foreign News Service, Incorporated, New York City, on July 10, 1951, reported that according to authoritative German sources, the West German Communist Party was organizing secret "fighting groups," the objectives of which would be to infiltrate West German organizations as well as the public administration in West Germany. One part of the groups, known as the secret "Lenin" group, was designed to operate among West German students. The "Lenin" group was reportedly directed by Professor Ernst Niekisch from Berlin, "an old Communist, and by Arthur Ketterer."

(65-4172-36)

character yet not determined by religious interests, especially those in Saxony and Thuringia which are the strongest. The political department favoring these groups at Karlshort (seat of the Soviet military government) is said to be the one in which Colonels Semjonow and Georgiew work. Both these officers are said to favor working with German bourgeois and liberal groups in opposition to the department directed by Colonel Tulpanow. It is assumed that this distribution of roles -- assignment of certain party members to work with the extreme left and others with the extreme right -- is deliberate. The results with groups other than the S.E.D. in Saxony and Thuringia of the Russian Zone have not been bad from the Soviet point of view. (64-211-232-16)

On May 12, 1948, the Department of State furnished to the Bureau a copy of a secret report dated April 8, 1948, at Berlin, Germany. The report concerned secret negotiations for a separate peace treaty carried on by Germany and Russia in Stockholm during 1943 and 1944. The report indicated that "Herr Semjonov, Councillor of the Soviet Embassy in Stockholm," was one of four officials representing the Soviets during these negotiations. (109-12-232-304)

On February 4, 1949, Ernst Peter Burger of Wurzburg, Germany, addressed a letter to the Director in which he reported on the internal conditions of Germany. He pointed out that certain Revolutionary Committees had been established in the East Zone of Germany, following which a meeting was held to discuss the proposed withdrawal of Soviet forces from the Eastern Zone. W. S. Semjenow, described as political adviser of the Soviet military administration, was said by Mr. Burger to have acted as chairman at this meeting. (64-200-232-393)

The March 1, 1949, edition of "The Washington Daily News" contained an article under the heading "German Reds Told To Take It. Easy." The article stated that German communists had been ordered to adopt a "go slow" policy until conclusion of the Atlantic Pact and the Austrian Peace Treaty because of Russian hopes that the Western Allies would be eased out of Berlin. The article, attributing its information to sources close to the Russians, stated that Russian power in Germany was believed to have been taken from the political chief, Colonel Sergei Tulpanov,

and given to Russian Ambassador D. S. Semjonov, political adviser to Soviet Military Governor Vassily D. Sokolovsky. The article continued, "Mr. Semjonov has advocated a diplomatic solution of the cold war while Colonel Tulpanov has been noted for his inflammatory tactics:"

Bureau files contain an Office of Naval Intelligence (ONI) report dated October 23, 1949, containing information received from a German national concerning a "Handbook of Communism." This handbook set forth detailed information regarding the organization of the Communist Party and legislative bodies. The ONI report sets forth the personnel of the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs as reflected in this handbook, which apparently covered the year 1949. It reflected that one V. S. Semjonoff was in the German Section of the Ministry under Alexander Smirnov. The Foreign Minister at the time was Andrei Vishinsky. (65-57884-36X, page 24)

"The Washington Post" newspaper of Washington, D. C., carried an article on page 5 of its October 27, 1949, edition in which Ambassador W. S. Semjonov was described as Chief Soviet Political Adviser in East Germany. The article stated that it was notable that Ambassador Semjonov did not become head of the Soviet Diplomatic Mission to the new East German Government and, therefore, his future role remained a mystery. The article pointed out that Otto Grotewohl, East German premier, had flatly asserted that his government contemplated no separate peace treaty with the Soviet Union and did not expect withdrawal of Russian occupation troops within the near future. It was stated that this pronouncement directly reversed Soviet political propaganda of the previous month and contradicted flat promises given by Semjonov to the Christian Democrats and Liberal Democrats to persuade them to postpone elections in the Soviet Zone of Germany for one year. (109-12-232 Sub A)

On March 24, 1950, the Bureau received from the Department of State a copy of a "Nationalism Report of the United States High Commissioner for Germany." The report contained detailed information regarding various nationalist political groups in Germany, one of which was named "The Nauheim Circle." A Professor Noack was said to be its leader. Professor Noack reportedly, during the last two weeks of August, 1949, toured the Soviet Zone of Germany and had conferences with four Soviets, one of whom was named as Semjenow. The Soviets reportedly offered Noack money to finance his program which he refused. His program was said to take the

form of neutralization, which basically was the practice of playing the East against the West to the benefit of Germany. The four Russians were said to have been particularly enthusiastic about one of Noack's plans which called for establishing an East-West trade institute. They appeared to be endeavoring to use him primarily to advance the idea of free trade between Eastern and Western Germany while allowing him to propagandize his neutralization, idea as a front which was not at such great variance with the communist line to prove unacceptable for their immediate purposes. (109-12-232-443, page 30)

Source captioned "Communist Actions in Western captioned "Communist Actions in Western captioned "Communist Actions in Western caption in this report was said to have been received from a German source. The report stated that certain new communist "shock" groups were ordered to start action in West Germany as of December 1, 1950, because of certain unsatisfactory election results in Hessen. The cover name of the entire organization was said to be "Fighting Group Bavaria-Austria." A certain control group was said to have been set up over the new organization and among the members of this control group was one Semjonow. (64-200-232-496)

On June 27, 1952, the Bureau's representative in Heidelberg, Germany (George A. Van Noy), forwarded a copy of a Counter Intelligence Corps (CIC) Detachment report dated June 4, 1952, which mentioned an affair known as the "goethe feier" sponsored in March, 1949, by a German group known as the "Deutsch Volksrat." This affair took place in Berlin and was attended by Colonel Tulpanov and Ambassador Semjonow. This fact was considered sufficiently significant to cause the CIC agent preparing the report to comment, "It is worthwhile to note that Colonel Tulpanov and Ambassador Semjonow were lately seen together visiting many cultural and political meetings."

(105-16204-4)

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See OGA Letter dated

United States Department of Instice 9/28/10

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D. C.

October 13, 1955

Re: DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF

66th CIC Group, Stuttgart, Germany, furnished the following information with regard to the subject.

- (1) FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF was born July 1, 1907 in Halle, Germany, and as of 1954 resided at Nerotal No. 1, Wiesbaden, Germany. Fellowing employment with the Prussian Interior Ministry from 1932 to 1933, the subject engaged in private law practice from 1933 to 1939. In October 1939 he was drafted into the German infantry as a non-commissioned officer, subsequently being commissioned and obtaining the rank of Cherleutnant (First Lieutenant) during World War II. After 1941 he was assigned to the Heeresgruppe Mitte on the eastern front and was an ordnance officer on the staff of Major General VON TRESCKOW.
- (2) According to the book "Deutscher Widerstane" written by RUDOLF PECHEL and published by EUGEN RENTISCH Verlag of Zurich, Switzerland, in 1946, the subject allegedly was active in resistance activities against the Nazis while a student in Halle, Germany.
- (3) During his employment with the Prussian Ministry of Interior, the subject worked under State Secretary HERBERT VON BISMARCK, who put him in contact with resistance circles in 1938 by introducing him to General HANS/COSTER. OSTER, who was Abwehr Chief of Staff under Admiral CANARIS during World War II, was executed in April 1945 in connection with the July 20, 1944 plot against HITLER's life.
 - of a collection of letters exchanged between Queen Victoria and Prince Albert and the subject's great grandfather, Baron/STOCKMAR. STOCKMAR Eng was physician and confident of Queen Victoria. When the Gestapo allegedly attempted to seize these letters in April 1939, the subject handed the collection over to the then British Ambassador, Sir NEVILLE/HENDERSON. In the summer of 1939 the subject was invited to visit Windsor Castle as a result of this action. In September 1939 the subject's resistance work in Germany included maintaining contact with British diplomats in Berlin.

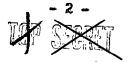
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- TRESCKOW in resistance activities. He reportedly was also active in the Goerdeler Kreis of the resistance movement. In an attempt to assassinate HITLER, the subject placed a bomb on HITLER's plane on March 9, 1943, but this bomb failed to explode. After the subsequent failure of the July 20, 1944 plot against HITLER, the subject was arrested on August 17, 1944 and was held in various jails and camps until the end of the war.
- (6) The subject wrote the book "Offiziere Gegen HITLER" published in 1946. He also appeared as witness in the trial against Dr. WALTER-HUPPENKOTHEN. In 1946 or 1947 the subject entered the practice of law with Dr. RICHARD STREIM and Dr. GERHARD HEINRICH ON PREUSCHEN in Wiesbaden, Germany. In 1950 the subject was considered for the post of President of the Bundesamt fuer Verfassungsahutz (BfV Office for the Protection of the Constitution) but his candidacy was withdrawn on the grounds of alleged ill health.
- (7) CIC records indicate that on August 7, 1947, the War Department Detachment (the former name of the Department of Army Detachment --DAD) informed that the subject had been an OSS Bern contact during the war (presumably a contact of the OSS operations centered in Bern, Switzerland) and that in the fall of 1945 he had been turned over to G-2. European Command as an intelligence contact, where he was run by Lieutenant BLAKE of the Intelligence Branch under the supervision of a Lieutenant Colonel LAWTON COLLING. The War Department Detachment further stated that it was its understanding that G-2, European Command had dropped the subject in the fall of 1946. CIC added that the subject had also been utilized to some extent as an uncarded source of CIC's Region III (Frankfurt, Germany) in April 1947. A specific check by CIC, as well as by G-2, Headquarters, United States Army Europe, which is the successor to G-2, European Command, failed to reveal any further information regarding the utilization of the subject as a source by G-2, and particularly no information regarding the circumstances of his having been allegedly dropped as a source by G-2.

CIC, in furnishing the above information, noted that the data appearing in paragraphs 1, 5, 6 and 7 was obtained from a source evaluated as "usually reliable" and the information was evaluated as "probably true," while the information set out in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 was obtained from a source of unknown reliability and the truth of the information cannot be judged.





United States Department of Instice Nederal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D. C.

October 13, 1955

Re: ERNST NIEKISCH

The following information was furnished by 66th CIG Group, Stuttgart, Germany.

(1) ERNST NIEKISCH was born May 23, 1889 in Trebnitz, Silesia. The latest information regarding his whereabouts was dated in February 1954, and at that time he was residing at No. 8 Koblenzerstrasse, Berlin-Wilmersdorf (British Sector), Germany. He was also reported at that time to maintain a second residence in the Soviet Sector of Berlin.

NIEKISCH joined the Sozialdemokratische Partei Deutschlands (SPD - Social Democratic Party of Germany) in 1917, at which time he was an elementary school teacher in Augsburg, Germany. From November 1918 to sometime in 1919 he was Chairman of the Augsburg Workers and Soldiers. Council, subsequently becoming Chairman of the Gentral Workers and Soldiers Council in Munich, Germany. In May of 1919 the subject joined the USPD (described by CIC as the predecessor of the Kommunistische Partei Deutschlands (KPD - Communist Party of Germany)). Later in 1919 the subject became Chairman of the Revolutionary Central Council and was Organizer of the Bavarian Soviet Republic with a ministerial rank. In June 1919, following the collapse of the Bavarian Soviet Republic, the subject was sentenced to two years imprisonment for high treason. In 1921 and 1922 he was a UPD member of the Bavarian Landtag (Bavarian State Parliament).

He rejoined the SPD later in 1922 but again broke with it in 1923 to act as one of the founders of a group known as the "Old Socialists" which favored Socialistic demands but rejected pacifist rapprochement and break with tradition. This group's principal goal was "fight against Versailles" and it published as its organ "Der Volksstaat" in Dresden, Germany. During the period 1926 to 1934 the subject led the "Widerstands-bewegung" (Resistance Movement) which advocated German rebirth as a great power by the combination of the forces of Prussian militarism and Russian Communism. The subject edited the periodical "Der Widerstand" in 1927.

In 1929 the subject combined various youth groups into the Aktion der Jugend (Action of Youth), which was anti-Versailles and anti-Hitler. NIEKISCH engaged in anti-Nazi underground activities during the period 1933 to 1937. In 1934 the periodical "Der Widerstand was suppressed but the subject was not arrested until May 1937. In 1939 the subject was

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sentenced to life imprisonment for underground activities. As a result of medical experiments conducted on NIEKISCH during his imprisonment, he suffers from partial paralysis and near-blindness. NIEKISCH was released from Brandenburg Penitentiary in 1945 and obtained a position as Chief Instructor at the Volkshockschule in Berlin-Wilmersdorf. Shortly thereafter he joined the KPD, which is now the Sozialistische Einheitspartei Deutschlands (SED - Communist Party of East Germany).

Subject has been Professor of Sociology and History at Humboldt University in Berlin since 1947. He has been a member of the Presidium of the Kulturbund zur Demokratischen Erneuerung Deutschland (Gultural League, Communist Front) since 1949. He became a member of the East Zone Volkskammer (Peoples' Chambers) in 1949. In 1950 the subject was appointed President of the National Council of the National Front in the East Zone of Germany and in Getober 1950 he was elected to the Volkskammer from the Sachsen-Anhalt area.

- (2) In 1946 NIEKISCH requested permission from the Military Government in Germany to publish a newspaper in Nuernberg, Germany. This request was disapproved due to the revolutionary and Communistic nature of NIEKISCH's background. In making his application the subject furnished letters of recommendation from a number of prominent West German political figures.
- (3) It is noted that the book "They Almost Killed Hitler" written by GERO GAEVERNITZ and published by the MacMillin Co. of New York in 1947 quotes information purportedly stemming from Dr. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF relating to VON SCHLABRENDORFF's associations with NIEKISCH. According to this data, VON SCHLABRENDORFF associated with NIEKISCH during the period 1933 to 1937 while he, VON SCHLABRENDORFF, was attempting to win the cooperation of the German left wing group.

CIC informed that the information appearing in paragraphs 1 and 2 was obtained from sources evaluated as "usually reliable" and the information in those paragraphs was evaluated "probably true." It evaluated the source of paragraph 3 as of "unknown reliability" and the information as "truth cannot be judged."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Serial Description ~ Unrecorded Serial

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 2 Page 38 ~ Duplicate Page 41 ~ Duplicate



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum • DATE: 9/30/55 TO DIRECTOR FROM Clude Tolson Rosen Tamm Sizoo . Winterrowd SUBJECT: Tele. Room Holloman . In accordance with arrangements made by you, I conferred this morning in my office with Congressman Frank b6 W. Boukin. Democrat, of Mobile, Alabama, and a member of the law firm of Boykin and b7C DeFrancis, Shoreham Building, Washington, D. C., telephone District 7-1830. epresents the German Government in Washington, D. C., and has a number of clients in Germany.
About a year ago be met an Attorney in Frankfurt, Germany, named Dr. Fabian Von Schlabrendorff and established a correspondence retationship with the Doctor's law firm. Late h6 saw Dr. Von Schlabrendorff in Hamburg, b7C in August, Dr. von Schlabrendorff was a leader of the Hitler left with me the attached Germany. resistance movement. book They almost killed Hitler," based on the personal account Fabian Von Schlabrendorff which I must return to Dr. Fabian Von Schlabrendorff was one of the leaders of the large group who plotted against Hitler during the war and twice attempted to kill him and set up a new government. Dr. Von Schlabrendorff is a close friend of Chancellor Adenauer and has office space in the Chancellor's office He screens officers of the rank of colonel and quarters. general for the new German Army. Dr. Von Schlabrendorff was close to Allen Dulles during the last war and is acquainted with Secretary of State John Foster Dulles. INDEXED-92 Dr. Von Schlabrendorff told Hykes Boykin that he b6 has a contact in West Berlin, Ernst Nickish OcThe 4Dogstor b7C feels certain that through Nickish he can meet at least : monthly at Nickish's house with Molotov's first assistant and through whose name is he could ascertain complete information as to the intentions of Russianagainst the United States. Melno Belfront to Bozrdman cc - Mr. Belmont ATTACHMENT Downgated to Stated CT:LCB. legat, Bonn SECRET IL DEGIDERIKS Cable

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asked Dr. Von Schlabrendorff why he did not give this information to Allen Dulles. The Doctor stated that he considered this a life and death matter so far as he was concerned and he was fearful if he contacted b6 Dulles "Dulles might let something slip" and he doesn't b7C trust the Dulleses to this extent. He told that he considers the FBI to have the best reputation for secrecy in the world and that he would, convey this information to no one except, to the Director of the FBI. Von Schlabrendorff told hat there would be no objection to checking his, Dr. Von Schlabrendorff's reputation with Allen Dulles, but he did not want him to know anything about this matter. The Doctor did not indicate that he wanted any money in connection with this matter, but he did mention that he would, of course, like to be reimbursed for his expenses of travel between Frankfurt and West Berlin. agreed with Dr. Von Schlabrendorff that between the two of them this matter would be referred to as "Project Zebra". I told he should not, of course, contact Dr. Von Schlabrendorff in writing or by telephone. how it would be possible T. asked in East Berlin to meet at the home of Ernst did not know the Nickish in West Berlin. answer to this. I told Congressman Boykin and that I would like to consider this matter over the week end and that we would be in touch with him not later than Wednesday or Thursday of next week. He stated that if anyone were sent to see him from the Bureau, he would like to have me telephone him in advance because he did not want to discuss this matter with anyone other than a designated and known official of the FBI. stated that if it were necessary, he would be grad to go odck to Germany to see Dr. Von Schlabrendorff to assist in setting up this matter if the Bureau were interested. to secure name checks on I have asked the various persons mentioned in this memorandum at the earliest possible time. It occurs to me that this provides an excellent opportunity for securing information concerning the Russians and their intentions if it can be done with the approval of the Attorney General.

I have also asked for a brief of the file of our Legal Attache at Bonn, Germany.

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A further recommendation in this matter will be made to you early next week.

- 3 -

A Letter dated 9/28/10 ice Memorardum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: October 4, 1955 MR. BOARDMAN TO Mohr H. BELN Parsons Rosen Tamm Sizon SUBJECT: DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING Holloman (ESPIONAGE) Reference is made to Mr. Tolson's memorandum of luring September 30, 1955, concerning his talk with conveyed a proposal from captioned marvidual that he w.icl operate in Germany under FBI control to develop information on Soviet intentions against the United States. Our files have been reviewed on all persons mentioned in this connection. They confirm the fact Von Schlabrendorff was leader in German resistance movement and participated in two abortive attempts to assassinate Hitler. The book of his activities (They Almost Killed Hitler) shows that Otto John, who defected to the Russians, 7/20/54, arranged for Von Schlabrendorff's first meetings with the two Geri leaders of the German resistance movement during World War II. Nickish is apparently identical with Ernst Niekisch. long-time active in b6 German Communist Party and activities. b7C We recommend that we not participate in the proposal of Von Schlabrendorff as conveyed through for the following reason (1) This operation is clearly outside our jurisuiction. If channel is for the following reasons: established and the information received is any good at all, CIAcwill come to know about the operation. (2) We would have no way of knowing whether information furnished to us was true or false, as we would have no means of checking on it. Such circumstances would be perfect for the Russians to feed deceptive information to the U.S. Government. (3) Even though we, in effect, would act merely as a transmission channel, we would be taking responsibility for information received. (4) West Germany has been strongly infiltrated by the Communist bloc, particularly in intelligence circles; to wit, the Otto John case and General Trudeau's allegations. We would be staking the Bureau's reputation on the reliability of Von Schlabrendorff and his control of Niekisch and concerning all three of whom we have little factual data. Information from our files on Von Schlabrendorff, Niekisch and is set forth in four memoranda attached. RECORDED-92 105 Attachments (4) WRW:hm-INDEXED-92 3 32 L cc: Boardman 5 on stir lead for wear we actionally Wannall

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Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

RECOMMENDATIONS:

the FBI reflected by bringing this to our attention, that it is outside our jurisdiction and that we are calling the matter to the attention of Dillon Anderson (The book which he loaned us "They Almost Killed Hitler" should be returned to him.)

(2) That we advise Dillon Anderson, Special Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, under "Top Secret" classification, of visit, the proposal, and the fact that we are not accepting it because the matter is not within the jurisdiction of the FBI. We will be carrying out our responsibility by advising Anderson since the National Security Council has the over-all security responsibility for the country.

Mai.

(3) That we advise our Legal Attache in Bonn, Germany, of the facts in this matter and the action we have taken and instruct him to be alert to advise us of anything coming to his attention relevant to this matter.

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The only information in Bureau files concerning captioned individual appears in the case entitled "Alertronic Corporation, also known as; Töcsin Electronic Engineeric Company, Incorporated, also known as; Special Inquiry - The records of the United States District Court, Washington, D. C., reflect under Civil Action Number 2742-53 that suit was filed on June 17, 1953, by the Alertronic Engineering Company, Washington, D. C. The complaint in this matter was based upon money due and owing from the defendants to the plaintiff on an open account and otherwise for merchandise delivered.	b7D b6 b7C
of the defendants.	Ъ6 b7С
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on December 10 or 17, 1953, that Attorney 640 Shoreham Building, Northwest, Washington, D. C., had submitted the certificate of incorporation for the Tocsin Electronic and Engineering Company, Incorporated, at which time he could furnish no information concerning the officers, directors, or stockholders of this firm.	.b7C .b7D
The Bureau's file in the afore-mentioned case reflects that the defendant in this civil case was engaged in selling burglary and fire-alarm equipment manufactured by the plaintiff.	ъ6 ъ7С
From the above information, it appears that and were attorneys of record for in connection with this civil action.	

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DR. FABIAN TON SCHLABRENDORFF - Summany

This individual appears to be identical with Count Fabian Von Schlabrendorff leader of a Berlin Resistance Group during the latter 1930's and a participant in two abortive attempts to assassinate Adolf Hitler during World War II, concerning whom the following information appears in Bureau files.

A Confidential Censorship Report dated November 23, 1946, and received by the Rureau in March, 1947, reflected that a sent a letter to one of Zurich, Switzerland, on November 1, 1946. In this letter the writer stated as follows:

I was in Wiesbaden where I visited Fabian Von Schlabrendorff, an old friend of mine from the times of our common fight against the Third Reich:

During 1937/1938 I belonged to the Berlin resistance group Nikolaus Von Halem/Fabian V. Schlabrendorff (siz), who were the original instigators of the plot of 20 July. A few days before the anneration of Austria this group sent me to Vienna to warn Schuschnigg of the imminent attack and to induce him to offer armed resistance for 48 hours at least. This would have been enough to incite the opposition within the German Army to immediate action.... (62-62736-2-18721)

The May 6, 1947, edition of "The New York Times"
on page 25 carried an article by Orville Prescott in which
reference was made to the book "They Almost Killed Hitler"
It was stated that this book was based on the personal
account of Count Rabian Von Schlabrendorff as told to
an agent of the Office of Strategic
services (USS). Von Schlabrendorff was said to be one of
the major military leaders in the underground in Germanu.
The book contains an introduction by Major
According to "The New York
Times" article, Von Schlabrendorff made one of the most
daring of all the attempts to kill Hitler. In March, 1943,

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Hitler was lured from his own headquarters to those of the Central Army on the Eastern Front. He arrived with his own cook to prepare his food, his own physician to test each dish before he ate; and wearing a safety cap lined with 3½ pounds of steel plating. Just as Hitler entered his private plane on leaving, Von Schlabrendorff handed him a time bomb wrapped to look like a package of brandy bottles. According to Von Schlabrendorff, "It was a great nervous strain to remain quiet at this juncture." But when the bomb failed to explode, Von Schlabrendorff flew to Hitler's headquarters and got it back before it was unwrapped. (62-83338-1)

A semi-monthly trend report dated June 26, 1947, issued by Headquarters, 7742 Civil Censorship Division, European Command, contained the following comment under the caption "International Right-Wing Movement":

Of interest chiefly because of the apparent participation of Walter Rauschning, noted former friend of Hitler and early President of the Danzig Free State, is the effort to organize an international right-wing movement from Switzerland.

Dr. Jur. Karlheinz Klaas of Lugano, Switzerland, announces that he has taken first steps to found the right-wing movement and implies that he has the collaboration of Rauschning. He is a monarchist and lists a strange assortment of prospective supporters including DeGaulle; former Stahlhelm Feuhrer Deusterberg; Trebitsch-Lincoln, Britisher who became a Buddhist monk; Fabian von Schlabrendorff, participant in the 20 July plot. (62-62736-2009)

Department of State Foreign Service despatch number 3080 dated April 16, 1951, at Frankfurt, Germany, reflected that two years before, on April 14, 1949, the Military Governors in Germany granted the German Parliamentary Council permission for the Federal Government of Germany to establish an agency to collect and disseminate information concerning subversive activities against the Federal Government. When this agency was set up, Dr. Otto John was approved as its chief. (It will be recalled that Otto John has since defected to the Russians and has been shown to have been a Soviet spy while serving in an official capacity in Germany).

Fabian Von Schlabrendorff was originally named as a candidate for an official position in this agency, but according to the afore-mentioned foreign service despatch, his name was withdrawn by the Germans on grounds of ill health. (64-33704-1)

There is one additional reference in Bureau files reflecting that during April, 1945, in the last days of Hitler Germany, Von Schlabrendorff was in a group of Germans who fled to Flossenberg. Included in this group was an individual described as "Chief of the German Armies." This information appears in an OSS document described as an interrogation report covering one Carl Goran Edquist, a German who was interviewed on May 16, 1945, following the collapse of Germany. (65-56143-2)

ERNST NICKISH

Referral/Consult

There is no information in Bureau files on the above name. There is, however, a reference to one Ernst Niekisch who may be the individual referred to above.

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Referral/Consult

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Their a resisen of material in Property Siles	Jan	60 F. b7
From a review of material in Purson files, that captioned individual is subject of a biographical report aatea October 20,	ho was the	
received from Confidential Source This which was attributed to a reliable German source in	s report,	
read in part as follows:		
	. u.s.s	R.
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		. b6 . b7
He is filled with resentment against the the S.S. allegedly killed his mother and sister	Nazis;	
burned down his house near Kiev. In 1945, dur conversations with the Swiss professor of theo.	ing .	
Mr. Lieb, he stated that spiritually Russia is borderline between Roman and Orthodox Catholic	on the	
long as Zhdanov was alive, had li ^{++lo} Ambassador Nadolny is of the opinion that	in fluence. is a	
crook, pretending to be better than he actually (109-12-232-488X).	y is.	b6
Confidential Source on July 1, furnished the Bureau a convent a report prepared in	, 1947, the Russian	b7

furnished the Bureau à copy of a report prepared in the Russian Occupied Zone of Germany on May 29, 1947, by an individual who was said to have a good record of credibility. The report, captioned "Russian Attitude Toward German Political Groups," read in part as follows:

It has recently been noted that the Soviet military government had been paying particular attention to political parties of a more rightist

105-41158-

character yet not determined by religious interests, especially those in Saxony and Thuringia which are the strongest. The political department favoring these groups at Karlshort (seat of the Soviet military government) is said to be the one in which Colonels Semjonow and Georgiew work. Both these officers are said to favor working with German bourgeois and liberal groups in opposition to the department directed by Colonel Tulpanow. It is assumed that this distribution of roles -- assignment of certain party members to work with the extreme left and Referral/Consult others with the extreme right -- is deliberate. The results with groups other than the S.E.D. in Saxony and Thuringia of the Russian Zone have not (64-211-232-16) been bad from the Soviet point of view.

On February 4, 1949, Ernst Peter Burger of Wurzburg, Germany, addressed a letter to the Director in which he reported on the internal conditions of Germany. He pointed out that certain Revolutionary Committees had been established in the East Zone of Germany, following which a meeting was held to discuss the proposed withdrawal of Soviet forces from the Eastern Zone. W. S. Semjenow, described as political adviser of the Soviet military administration, was said by Mr. Burger to have acted as chairman at this meeting. (64-200-232-393)

The March 1, 1949, edition of "The Washington Daily News" contained an article under the heading "German Reds Told To Take It. Easy." The article stated that German communists had been ordered to adopt a "go slow" policy until conclusion of the Atlantic Pact and the Austrian Peace Treaty because of Russian hopes that the Western Allies would be eased out of Berlin. The article, attributing its information to sources close to the Russians, stated that Russian power in Germany was believed to have been taken from the political chief, Colonel Sergei Tulpanov,

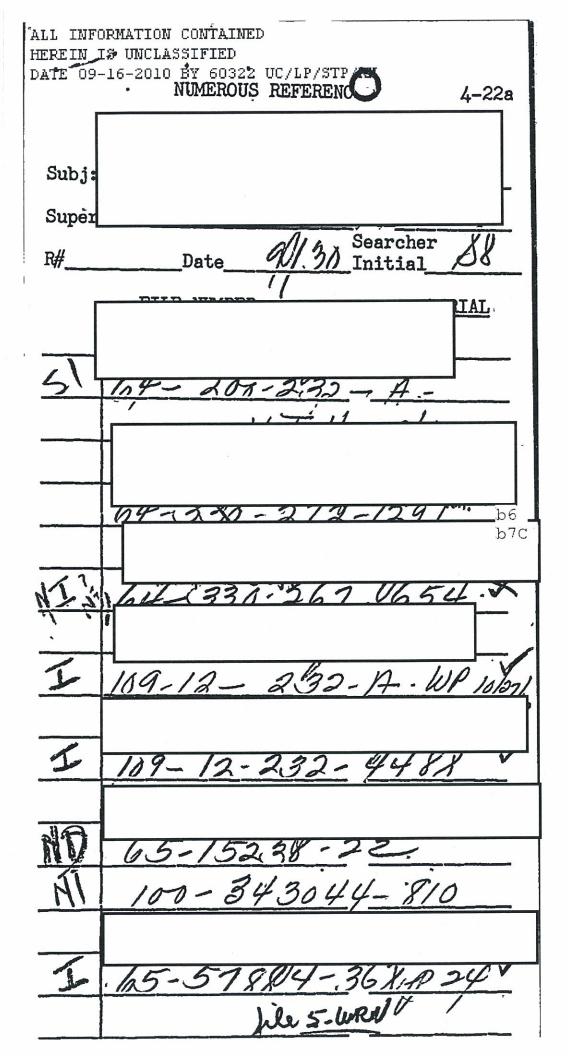
and given to Russian Ambassador D. S. Semjonov, political adviser to Soviet Military Governor Vassily D. Sokolovsky. The article continued, "Mr. Semjonov has advocated a diplomatic solution of the cold war while Colonel Tulpanov has been noted for his inflammatory tactics."

Referral/Consult

"The Washington Post" newspaper of Washington, D. C., carried an article on page 5 of its October 27, 1949, edition in which Ambassador W. S. Semjonov was described as Chief Soviet Political Adviser in East Germany. The article stated that it was notable that Ambassador Semjonov did not become head of the Soviet Diplomatic Mission to the new East German Government and, therefore, his future rôle remained a mystery. The article pointed out that Otto Grotewohl, East German premier, had flatly asserted that his government contemplated no separate peace treaty with the Soviet Union and did not expect withdrawal of Russian occupation troops within the near future. It was stated that this pronouncement directly reversed Soviet political propaganda of the previous month and contradicted flat promises given by Semjonov to the Christian Democrats and Liberal Democrats to persuade them to postpone elections in the Soviet Zone of Germany for one year. (109-12-232 Sub A)

On March 20, 1951, a report was received from Confidentiable Source captioned "Communist Actions in Western by Germany." The information in this report was said to have been received from a German source. The report stated that certain new communist "shock" groups were ordered to start action in West Germany as of December 1, 1950, because of certain unsatisfactory election results in Hessen. The cover name of the entire organization was said to be "Fighting Group Bavaria-Austria." A certain control group was said to have been set up over the new organization and among the members of this control group was one Semjonow. (64-200-232-496) Referral/Consult

On June 27, 1952, the Bureau's representative in Heidelbera. Germany (George A. Van Nov). forwarded a copy of a



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4-22 (6-15-55) 'Federal Bureau of Investigation **Records Section** ____, 1955 Name Check Unit - Room 6523 Attention . Service Unit - Room 6524 Forward to File Review Return to _ Ext. . Supervisor Room ____ All References Subversive References Main _____ References Only Restrict to Locality of _ Breakdown Buildup ☐ Variations Exact Name Only Exact Spelling Check for Alphabetical Loyalty Form SUBJECT Address Localities . Birthdate & Place . Date 9-3 d Searcher 9 b7c Initial R# . FILE NUMBER SERIAL 60731-3 NR ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 09 16 2010 BY 60322 UC/LP/STP/KM

4-22 (6-J5-55) Federal Bureau of Invest Records Section ., 1955 Name Check Unit - Room 6523 Attention -Service Unit - Room 6524 Forward to File Review Return to _ Ext. Supervisor Room _ All References Subversive References ___ References Only Main _ Restrict to Locality of _ Breakdown Buildup Variations Exact Name Only Exact Spelling Check for Alphabetical Loyalty Form SUBJEC Addres **b**6 Localities . b7C Birthdate & Place _ Searcher 8/89 9-30 Initial Date . 'FILE NUMBER SFRIA NII63-0-530 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED ATE 09-16-2010 BY 60322 UC/LP/STP/KM

cc-Mr. Beard an Mr. Belm Mr. Branigan Mr. Wannall

OCTOBER 5, 1955

URGENT CABLEGRAM ENCODE IN PERSONAL CIPHER PAD CODE

AL EN

LEGAL ATTACHE (orig.) BOIN. GERMANY

11-1

DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION CONCERNING PAREN ESPIONAGE END PAREN. FOLLOWING STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL TOP SECRET. CAPTIONED INDIVIDUAL, THROUGH INTERMEDIARY IN WASHINGTON, HAS PROPOSED THAT HE ESTABLISH OPERATION WHEREIN HE CAN LEET AT LEAST MONTHLY WITH QUOTE MOLOTOVIS FIRST ASSISTANT UNQUOTE, OHE AT WEST BERLIN RESIDENCE OF ONE ERNST NICKISH PAREN SIC END PAREN. HE CLAILS THROUGH SUCH OPERATION HE COULD ASCERTAIN COMPLETE INFORMATION RE INTENTIONS OF RUSSIA AGAINST U.S. SPECIFIES HE WILL DEAL ONLY WITH FBI AND NO OTHER U.S. AGENCY. BELIEVED TO SOVIET EXPERT ON GERLANY WHO, WITH RANK BEOF AMBASSADOR, HAS SERVED AS POLITICAL COURSELOR TO SOVIET MILITARY GOVERNITHT, EAST GERMANY, SINCE MINETEEN FORTY FIVE. NICKISH IS POSSIBLY ERNST NIEKISCH, FORIER LEUBER GERLAÑ COLLUNIST PARTY. ORGANIZER BAVARIAN SOVIET REPUBLIC. LEADER IN ANTI DASH HITLER UNDERGROUND DURING WAR AND, AS LATE AS NINETEEN FIFTY-ONE, DIRECTOR OF MILITARY WEST GERMAN CP GROUPS. CAPTIONED INDIVIDUAL LEADER BERLIN RESISTANCE GROUP DURING THIRTIES AND PARTICIPANT IN TWO ABORTIVE ATTEMPTS TO ASSASSINATE HITLER IN RESISTANCE LOVELY TO TAS ASSUAINTED DURING WAR. PUREAU HAS DECLINED PROPOSAL ON GROUNDS OUTSIDE ITS DO NOT FURNIS. ABOVE BILORMATION TO AN ONE INFORMATION Individuals haled above. Lere afere INFORIATION RECEIVED RELEVANT THISAMATTE FOREIGH LIAISON UNID

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Letter to Honorable Dillon Anderson

considers the FBI to have the best reputation for secrecy in the world and that he would convey this information to no one except the Director of the FBI. The Doctor indicated that if his proposal were accepted he would desire no money except reimbursement for his expenses of travel between Frankfurt, where he lives, and West Berlin, where Nickish lives.

Our files contain information substantiating the claim that Von Schlabrendorff was a resistance leader in Germany and was in fact involved in two attempts on Hitler's life. The book "They Almost Killed Hitler" by Gero v.S. Gaevernitz, which is based on Dr. Von Schlabrendorff's personal account of his activities in the German resistance movement during World War II, reflects that the Doctor's first meetings with the two leaders of this movement were brought about by Otto John. The latter is the former West German security official who defected to the Russians on July 20, 1954.

Our records reflect that Ernst Niekisch (not Nickish as reported by Lykes Boykin) is a former member of the German Communist Party, an organizer of the Bavarian Soviet Republic, and from 1933 until 1937 a leader in anti-Litler underground activities in Germany. While he reputedly has expressed anti-Stalinist statements and sentiments, he seems never to have wavered in his admiration for Russia and as recently as July, 1951, reportedly was a director of militant groups of the West German Communist Party, the objective of which was to infiltrate West German organizations and the public administration of that country.

We have numerous file references to one Wladimir S. Semjenov, political counselor to the Soviet Lilitary Government in East Germany since 1945 with rank of ambassador. He is the Soviet expert on Germany, has advocated a diplomatic solution to the cold war, and has evidenced an interest in working with right-wing West German groups to attain Soviet objectives.

in conveying this proposal to us stated that Von Schlabrendorff would deal with no United States agency other than the Federal Eureau of Investigation. Von Schlabrendorff was said to have voiced no objections to our checking with Mr. Allen W. Dulles on his background and reliability, but as noted above, does not desire that Mr. Dulles be acquainted with the nature and facts of this proposal.



Letter to Honorable Dillon Anderson

have carefully analyzed the information furnished by in connection with this matter which is very apparently curside or the jurisdiction of the FBI. It would require operational handling and close checking in a foreign country. The FBI is unable to engage in such an operation. In view of these factors, has been advised that this matter is outside our jurisdiction. It was suggested he might desire to discuss it with you.

You will realize that the very nature of the above information makes it mandatory that these data be retained in the strictest confidence and not revealed to other officials of our Government except on a strictly need-to-know basis. I have not disseminated this material to any other agency or official and was not advised that this information is being furnished to you.

Sincerely yours,

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI ACCOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 09 16-2010

Office Momorandum

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Enclosure

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cc - Mr. Branigan Mr. Wannall

WRW: jmr 200 1955

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E. Steinemann, Locarno

FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF who attempted to kill Hitler in March, 1943.

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JEH:tlc (6)

den

October 11, 1955

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. BOARDMAN MR. BELMONT

1. 1. -

11-1

b7C

Anderson, of the National Security Council, called to see me relative to the letter which we addressed to Mr. Anderson concerning Dr. Fabian Von Schlabrendorff, Mr. Coyne stated that Mr. Anderson had considered this letter carefully and noted that the had insisted that the information not be disclosed to CIA. Mr. Anderson was puzzled as to what action he should take upon this matter at the present time since obviously it was within the jurisdiction of CIA and yet he did not wish to have faith broken with an FBI informant.

	- The state of the
	I told Mr. Coyne that I did not think that this matter
	should be brought to the attention of CIA at the present time. I stated
	that I understood that would be in touch with
	Dr. Von Schlabrendorff and endeavor to obtain permission to discuss
	the matter with someone other than the FBI, as had been the original
	restriction placed upor by Dr. Von Schlabrendorff.
	I stated that we anticipated hearing from within the
	next several weeks and that I would then advise him, Mr. Coyne, what
ĺ	decision was in the matter. Mr. Coyne casked that should
1	insist that Mr. Anderson not disclose this matter to CIA.
	what action then should Mr. Anderson take. I told Mr. Coyne that my
	reaction was that if the same restriction stood, I would suggest that
	Mr. Anderson consider the advisability of confidentially discussing the
	matter with the Vice President and with
	RECORDED - 42 /65 - 44/158 -
	If we do not hear from by the end
	of October, I would suggest that Mr. Tolson contact him and ascertain
	what the status of the matter is a that time. I OCT 14 1955
	The state of the s
•	INDEXED - 43 Very truly yours, SENT FROM D. O.
•	Very truly yours, SENT FROM D. O.
	TIME 10:380-M
•	151 J. S. H. DATE 10-12-55
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4	Director

Tolson Parsons Rosen Tamm Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman DECODE OF CODED CABLE NUMBER 66 DATED OCTOBER 12, 1955 AT BONN, GERMANY. RECEIVED VIA STATE DEPARTMENT. URGENT DOCTOR FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING. REBUCABLE OCTOBER 5 LAST. FILES THIS OFFICE AND DISCREET URGENT RE-EMBASSY NEGATIVE ON SUBJECT AND NICKISH. QUESTS OUT TO OTHER SOURCES. RESULTS WILL BE FORWARDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. GEORGE A. VAN NOY 11:06 AM CCA . 10-12-55 RECEIVED: RECORDED-29 cc. mu gerrer EX-107 COPIES DESTPOYED 526 JUN 29 1972

order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HERÉINAS UNCLASSIFIED

DATÉ

♣9-₹7-2010 BY 60322 UC/LP/STP/KM

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in

* W

DO-6_	Mr. Tolson
	Mr. Boardman
OFFICE OF DIRECTOR	Mr. Nichols
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	Mr. Belmont
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	Mr. Harbo
October 10, 1955	Mr. Mohr
Den	Mr. Parsons
Pat Soyne called and, in your	Mr. Rosen
absence, I talked with him.	Mr. Tamm
anschoe, it barrod water	Mr. Jones
	Mr. Sizoo
Coyne stated he would like to see	Mr. Winterrowd
you at your convenience, at the	Tele. Room
specific request of Mr. Dillon	Mr. Hottoman
Anderson, of the White House.	Miss Holmes
He wants to see you regarding a	Miss Gandy
letter dated October 5, 1955, addresse	d to Mr.
Dillon Anderson by you regarding Dr.	
Schlabrendorff. He stated the nature of	f hid discussion
with you would be such that he could no	ot discuss the
matter on the telephone.	
You will recall that this is the matter	that Mr.
Tolson discussed with Congressman F	rank Boykin
and	
Mr. Cormo stated that he was learning t	arm at main.
Mr. Coyne stated that he was leaving t	
tomorrow and would not return until T	
or Friday morning. He will be availab	ole-tomorrow
morning or Friday, if you are able to	see him. 🚉
•	· · · ·
I told Mr. Coyne you were presently or	ut, of the office

me

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W.

RECORDED-99 INDEXED-99

but that his request would be brought to your attention.

105-41158-9

▼ OCT 19 1955

EX - 113

OBTHE WAY

580CT 20 1955

FCH:eff (4) 1--Mr. Tolson 1--Tele Room



Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Mohr_ Mr. Parsons DATE: October 14, 1955 Mr. Tamm.

Legal Attache Bonn, Germany

DIRECTOR, FBI

(65-121)

Mr. Boardr

Mr. Harbo.

Mr. Sizoo_

Tele. Room Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy_

Mr. Winterrowd

DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF

Miscellaneous - Information Concerning (Espionage)

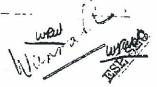
Rebucable October 5, 1955, and Bonn cable October 12, 1955.

Attached are five copies each of blank memoranda on FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF, born July 1, 1907 in Halle, Germany and ERNST WIEKISCH born May 23, 1889 in Trebnitz, Silesia. The background of the individuals in the attached together with their reported former association and the location of NIEKISCH in Berlin would indicate that they are identical with the men mentioned in Bucable.

The information in the attached was obtained through a discreet request for information from CIC files. No information from Bucable was released. Similar discreet requests are out to OSI and Department of Army Detachment (DAD) and any information provided will be forwarded as soon as received from these sources. The Central and Classified files of the American Embassy in Bonn are negative on Subject and NIEKISCH.

- P -GAV: BMc

105-41158-1



RECORDED - 8

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY FROM:
FRI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 09-16-2010
FRI INFORMATION ONLY

See OGA Letter dated

United States Department of Instice 9/28/10

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D. C.

October 13, 1955

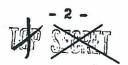
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 09-16-2010 FBI INFORMATION ONLY

United States Department of Justice **Jederal Bureau of Investigation**

Washington, D. C.

October 13, 1955

Re: ERNST NIEKISCH

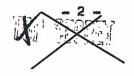
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DATE 09-16-2010 BY 60322 UC/LP/STP/K

FD-5 Revised 08/05/2008

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SERIAL CHARGE-OUT

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SERIAL CHARGE-OUT

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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	SUBJECT	ľ:							a		Tamm'SizooWinterrowdTele. RoomHolloman
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFTSATION Mr. Belmont Mr. Roach Mr. Branigan Mr. Wannall December 9, 1955 Pusaled 1,7/55mm PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL VIA LIAISON Mr. J. Patrick Counce (orig.) National Security Council Executive Office Building Washington, D. C. Dear Pat: You will recall that on October 11, 1955; you dropped by to discuss a letter which I had sent to Ur. Dillon Anderson on October 5. The letter related to a proposal by Dr. Fabian Von Schlabrendorff in Germany to endeavor to establish an operation through which he would furnish information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation with regard to Soviet intentions against the United States. Dr. Von Schlabrendorff had specified that b6 he would furnish such material only to this Bureau and b7C specifically stated that he did not desire that information. regarding the matter be revealed to Mr. Allen W. Dulles, Director of the Central Intelligence Agency. When you called at the office, you indicated that this restriction had caused Lir. Anderson to wonder what action he night take since an operation such as that proposed by Dr. Von Schlabrendorff was obviously within the jurisdiction of the Central Intelligence Agency. I told who had conveyed you at the time that

the Doctor's proposal to us, would be in touch with the Doctor and would endeavor to obtain permission to discuss the matter with someone other than an official of this Buréau. RECORDED-75

Beardman

Nichola

WRW: jmr

coer memo from Belmont to Boardmanidated (Note: "DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF, MISCELLANEOUS

CONCERNING", prepared by WRW:jmr)

A SECRET 13 DEC 15

Tele. Room

M Downczaded to Elex on 6 7312010 per 62242 12 103; DEKINS KOP SECRET

Letter to Mr. J. Patrick Coyne ... National Security Council

On December 7; last,

advised that he
had a letter from Dr. Von Schlabrendorff and the Doctor
agreed it would probably be necessary for him to discuss
this matter in Washington since it would not be possible to
handle it through correspondence. The Doctor indicated he
would be very glad to come to Washington to see Mr. Anderson
in January or February, 1956, but that it would be necessary
for someone to cover the cost of his travel and ernenses in
connection with the trip. In view of this; has
been advised that the information which he previously
conveyed to us regarding this matter was being made available
to Mr. Dillon Anderson. I have addressed a letter to
Mr. Anderson under today's date informing him of these later
developments. In view of jurisdictional considerations, this
Bureau will take no further action in the matter.

You may recall that informed us that Dr. Von Schlabrendorff considered this entire matter as "a life and death matter" and, therefore, had placed stringent restrictions against its revelation to other officials or agencies of our Government. I must request, therefore, that the information be retained in strictest confidence and not revealed to other officials or agencies except on a strictly need-to-know basis.

Sincerely yours,

- 2 -

THE SECRET

Memorandum to Mr. Boardman from A. H. Belmont

(2) A proposed letter is attached for approval to inform Mr. Anderson of Von Schlabrendorff's willingness to talk with him if the cost of his expenses of travel to the U.S. is paid and that we are taking no further action.

(3) A proposed letter is attached for approval to advise Pat Coyne of Von Schlabrendorff's decision with regard to discussing this matter with Dillon Anderson.

My

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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FROM	•	CLYDE	TOLSO1	v	• ,	•	Donklar	14 uc BAM) 7/14/12	sol-UN	Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
SUBJEC	r:	DR. F.	ABIAN	VON SCHLA	BRENDO1	RFF		,	0	Sizoo Winterrow Tele. Roo Holloman Gandy
Sept conc	embe ern i	r 30, ng Dr	1955 ; Fabio	with an Von Sc	hlabrer	Congres	ssman Bo	ie to see ykin of . see me	Alabama	Figure
dorf repr due of c Dr. Ande	hat fin esen to j onta Von	he had dicat tative urisd cts w Schlam, the	d writ ing the e of to ictione ith the brendo	at he had he Direct al limito e Doctor rff might	refully discustor of a tions a but had want a	worded sed the the FBI the FBI l sugges to disc	letter subject who has could nated that its the	to Dr. V t matter d indica ot handl t either matter w for nati	with a ted tha e the m he or ith Mr.	abren- t atter Dillon
Dr. had Mr. on b tact as a in t did he m	Von stat Dill ehal s wi t no he m	Schla ed to on And f of th Dr time atter desire want	brendo the Do derson the Pro Von did I to do	rff for to ctor the it might esident, Schlabrer indicate erely sugiscuss the control of the cont	the first the that the that the what congested a the matte	st time his matr to the FBI h This I action l that st er with	and in ter were Anderson landle t latter s Ir. Dill ince Dr. either	of Octobit I not ediscuss would in the matte etatement on Ander of the Daview of	ed that ed with nstruct r of co is inc son mig labrend ulles b	he orrect totake orff rothers
it w D. C The see nece conn was like	ould ., a Doct Mr. ssar ecti some	probes it is or ing Anders on will thing think	Doctor poly by would in dicates son in someon thick the	indicate e necesso not be po d he woul January ne to cou trippe l could not er for a	ed that try to consible d be verented or February told to be har few day	he agreliscuss to hand ery glad ruary of cost of dled by ys and l	eed with this ma ile it b i to com f 1956 b f his tr that y the FE I would	tter in by correste to Was out that and of could but the besides of the besides o	tha Washing pondence hington it woul expens rse, th at I wo rther	t to to d be es in is uld
1800	Ltr	シー	r-55 c Ander	ezoù Boardman	REC	ORDED 19 X-126	T 105	14/7/3 120,975,1358	5	

At no time have I indicated to that Mr. Anderson is aware of this situation. You will recall that a letter was sent to Mr. Anderson advising him of the situation on October 5, 1955.

Since we have written to Mr. Anderson concerning this matter previously and he was in subsequent contact with the Bureau, it is suggested that he be advised by letter that Dr. Von Schlabrendorff is willing to discuss the matter with him in Washington and then leave the matter up to Mr. Anderson as to what further interest in the matter he may indicate.

Since you personally talked with Mr. Pat Coyne concerning this same subject matter on October 11, it is further suggested that Mr. Coyne be advised of the latest developments by liaison:

is of the personal opinion that this is a matter which Dr. Von Schlabrendorff should discuss with Mr. Allen Dulles. However, the Doctor has indicated from the outset that although he is quite well acquainted with Allen Dulles and has conferred with him on several occasions, he is not desirous of taking the matter up with Dulles because he is fearful if he does so something may happen to him. He described it originally as "a life and death matter" and also stated he was fearful of contacting either one of the Dulleses because "something might slip" and he did not trust the Dulleses to that extent.

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64	O		DATE 09-16-2010 B	Y 60322 UC/LP/STP, W
Office	Memorand	um • United	STATES GOVER	NMENT
TO :	MR. L. V. BOAR	DMAN STORES	DATE: Decembéi	14, Boardman
FROM :	A. H. BELYONT	<i>!</i>	ž.	Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
SUBJECT:	DR. FABIAN TON MISCELLANEOUS	SCHLABRENDORFF - INFORMATION CON	CERNING (ESPIONAGE	Sizoo Wintetrowd Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
tod tha mat	orandum of Decem ay informed by 1 t Dillon Anderso ter with him.	ber 12, 195 <u>5 a++</u> iaison that n was willing to oune was also inf	instructions on a cached Pat Coyne of had been discuss the Von Stormed that the Butte of a specific re	was told chlabrendorff reau would
Boa	iod in a meeting	of the National the above inform	ip for an indefini Security Council action was left on	te Planning
()	'ION: - None. The	is completes Bure	eau participation Prom Dillon Anders	in this
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AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	***	. 115	- 41158 /3,	Wandadl
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1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Mr. Wannall Section tickler Mr. Day	17:32		
-5	9 DEC 21 1955	•		

1-Section Tickler

& Office	Nlemorandum •	UNITED STATES (GOVERNMENT
TO :	MR. L. V. BOARDMAN A. H. BELMONT	DATE:	December 12, 27 Roson Beardman Nidy 18 Belmont Harbo Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
subject:	DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRE MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMA	NDORFF TION CONCERNING (ESP.)	TONAGE) Sizoo Winterrowdd Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
And Res ćon Ass	Bureau letter of lay to Dillon Anderson. lerson that the subject, istance Movement against tact which will permit he istant," was willing to discuss his proposal.	December 9, was delive You will recall this a former leader in the Hitler and who claim im access whom "Molor	ered by Liaison Letter informed he German ms to have a tov's First
FBI bel Dul And thi	Anderson stated he Schlabrendorff's travel could not conduct an oplieved that this informations despite the subject lierson further stated that is matter although he did to Allen Dulles in view of contrary to Pat Coyne.	eration in Germanys of ion should be furnish is admonition against t some action should that desire to discuss the contract of	ealized the and that he hed to Allen b6 b70 such action. b6 b70 be taken in as the situation
men	th either Congressman Boy Lwho has been hongraim of December 8 re	in touch with Mr. 10 commended that Mr. T has been briefed co	Ison. My olson advise ncerning the
-ACT	tter with him, and suggest that with Anderson.	ended that Mr. Tolson dicated willingness that may de RECORDED-97/25-2	sire to initiate
M GA	2. It is recommend this and point out to he tion in the absence of a D: hke fill the boardman Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Mr. Wannall	ended that Liaison in im that the Bureau wi	form Anderson

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GALL Boardman DATE 09-16-2010 Belmont Roach Mr. Branigan Mr. Wannall December 9, 1955 PERSONAL AND CONTIDENTL VIA LIAISON b7C (orig.) Honorable Dillon Anderson Special Assistant to the President Executive Office Building Washington, D. C. My dear Mr. Anderson: By letter dated October 5. 1955. I advised you in company of a visit to this Bureau by with Congressman Frank W. Roukin, Democrat of Mobile, Alabama, approached this Bureau on. who is behalf of Dr. Fabian Von Schlabrendorff, a forcer leader in the German resistance movement against Hitler, who proposed that he undertake an operation in Germany involving one Ernst Nickish and a Soviet official named Semjonov or Semjonow. Dr. Von Schlabrendorff felt that through such an operation he could ascertain information as to the intentions of Russia against the United States and desired to pass this information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. When suggested that Dr. Von Schlabrendorff approach Mr. Allen W. Dulles of the Central Intelligence Agency with regard to this matter, the Doctor was said to have indicated that he would not do this and would convey the information to no one except the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. In my letter of October 5, 1955, I informed you that had been advised that this matter was outside the jurisdiction of this Bureau and that it had been suggested to him that he might desire to discuss it with you. You will recall that was not advised at that time the was not advised at that time that you were being informed of Dr. Von Schlabrendorff's proposal. Nichols WRW: jmr Relmont memo from Belmont to Badardman dated 12-

"DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF, MISCELLANEOUS

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Letter to Honorable Dillon Anderson
Special Assistant to the President

Since that time

with Dr. Von Schlabrendorff. On December 7, 1955, he again
called at this Bureau and exhibited a copy of a letter which
he had received from the Doctor in which the latter indicated
that it would probably be necessary for him to discuss this
bills to bould problem by the condition of the condition
matter in Washington, D. C. Dr. Von Schlabrendorff further
indicated he would be very glad to come to Washington and discus
this matter with you in January or February, 1956, but that
it would be necessary for someone to cover the cost of his
travel and expenses in connection with the trip.
Since Dr. Von Schlabrendorff has now indicated to a willingness to discuss this matter with you, has been advised that I am furnishing you information with regard to Dr. Von Schlabrendorff's proposal. He has also been advised that other than this no further action will be taken by this Bureau with regard to the proposal in view of jurisdictional considerations.
On October 11, 1955, the J. Patrick Come called on me to discuss the above matter and stated that the restrictions

has been in communication

On October 11, 1955, Mr. J. Patrick Coyne called on me to discuss the above matter and stated that the restrictions against disclosing this information to the Central Intelligence Agency had caused you some concern as to what action might be taken. You may be interested in knowing that is of the personal opinion that this is a matter which Dr. Von Schlabrendorff should discuss with Mr. Allen Dulles; however, the Doctor has indicated from the outset that although he is quite well acquainted with Mr. Dulles and has conferred with him on several occasions, he is not desirous of taking the matter up with Mr. Dulles because he is fearful if he does so something may happen to him. He described it originally as "a life and death matter."

I have not disseminated any information regarding
Dr. Von Schlabrendorff's proposal to any other agency or official.
I am, by separate letter, however, informing Mr. Coyne that
Dr. Von Schlabrendorff has indicated his willingness to discuss
this matter with you.

D TAP SECRET

Letter to Honorable Dillon Anderson Special Assistant to the President

In view of the nature of the above information, it is requested that these data be retained in the strictest confidence and not revealed to other officials of our Government except on a strictly need-to-know basis.

Sincerely yours,

- 3 -

TOP SECRET

DATE: 12/23/55 Director, FBI 11-1 Legat, Bonn (65-121) SUBJECT: DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE) Remylet 10-28-55. Enclosed are five copies of a memo which reflects information (S) The enclosed is classified secret inasmuch as the DAD information was so classified. RUC-EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1) DATE 10-14-2010 See OGA letter dated GAV: BMc ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED (3) HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE R 3 12 36 PH 55



9/28/10

United States Department of Instice Rederal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

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DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)

DATE 10-14-2010 See OGA letter dated

December 23, 1955

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT Re: DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

	Confidential Source	
(S)		
(S)[/	With regard to the subject.	

FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF was born July 1, 1907 in Halle, Germany. He comes from a Prussian military family and spent most of his youth in Demwold, Germany. He studied law at the University of Halle. Upon the outbreak of World War II he joined the German Army as a Jr. Staff Officer and took part in the French and Russian campaigns.

In August 1944 he was arrested by the Nazis for the part he played in the attempted assassination of HITLER (July 20, 1943) and was sent to a concentration camp in the Tyrol. After VE Day he was released by the Americans, and went to Wiesbaden to continue his practice as a lawyer, because he felt that Berlin, the seat of his former practice, was not safe enough.

Subject is the author of "Offiziers gegen Hitler" (Officers against Hitler), a book on the anti-Hitler conspiracy in Germany. A condensation appeared in the "Saturday Evening Post" in August 1946. Subject is well known for several other articles which he has written, many of which have appeared in the "Saturday Evening Post" also.

In 1953 VON SCHLABRENDORFF was a candidate for participation in HICOG's Exchange Program.

Information dated February 1955 states that subject is residing at Taunus Anlage 21, Frankfurt/Main. He is a lawyer with offices in Frankfurt and Wiesbaden, and earns the main source of his income as a legal advisor to Henschel Motor Works of Kassel. He plays a partially successful behind-the-scenes role in German politics.

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FD-5 Revised 08/05/2008



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SERIAL CHARGE-OUT

	* This form is consolidated with the old FD-654, based on a Sentinel review. Date _6/13/2010	
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4-650 (Rev. 10-6-64) OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE:

10-21-64

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

∰9-16-2010 BY 60322 UC/LP/STP/KM

Tolson Belmont. Mohr . DeLoach Casper. Callahan Contad Evans Gale . Rosen Sullivan Tavel. Trotter Tele. Room Holmes .

.Gandy .

FROM

W. S. Tave

SUBJECT: DR. FABIAN VON SCHLABRENDORFF

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE)

Bufile: 105-41158

The above captioned file is presently maintained in the Special File Room of the Records Branch, Files and Communications Division. You are requested to have the substantive supervisor, responsible for this matter, review the file to determine if it is necessary to continue to maintain the file in the Special File Room, or whether it may be returned to the regular file sequence. The appropriate notation should be made on this memorandum which should be returned to the Filing Unit, Room 1113 IB. This memorandum will be filed in the case file to record the action taken. in connection with this review.

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